Admission Control over DiffServ using Pre-Congestion Notification

draft-briscoe-tsvwg-cl-phb-02.pdf draft-briscoe-tsvwg-cl-architecture-03.txt

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Summary

- Aim:
 - End-to-end Controlled Load (CL) service without flow state or signalling in the core / backbone
- Solution:
 - Pre-Congestion Notification (PCN) builds on the concepts of ECN, RFC 3168, "The addition of Explicit Congestion Notification to IP".
 - PCN-router marks packet "earlier" than ECN-router (bulk marking, not per flow)
 - admission marking
 - pre-emption marking
 - Feedback of these markings used in a particular network framework to achieve flow admission control and flow pre-emption
 - Applied to real-time flows (such as voice, video and multimedia streaming) in DiffServ networks.
- History
 - Drafts from BT, Cisco, Nortel & Ericsson working together intensively



<u>Border anti-cheating (*related work*)</u> draft-briscoe-tsvwg-re-ecn-border-cheat-01 • extending CL-region across operators PCN over MPLS (*related work*) • MPLS & ECN/PCN, draftdavie-ecn-mpls-00

Recent work

- Understanding behaviour of PCN better
 - Sensitivity to measurement accuracy, reaction timing & choice of parameter settings
 - Further simulations
 - Supplementing those reported last time
 - On-going & will be reported at the next ietf
- Investigating algorithm variants
 - we believe the current algorithms are reasonably good
 - On-going work to assess if alternatives are better
 - eg would like same algorithm to work in other deployment models
- Understanding & addressing known "corner cases"
 - New Section 5 in draft-briscoe-tsvwg-cl-architecture-03: Limitations of PCN & potential solutions
- Otherwise drafts have (just) had clarifications & corrections, eg due to comments received (thanks)





Report now

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ECMP

- PCN mechanism works well when all packets between a pair of ingress and egress gateways follow the same path
- With ECMP (Equal Cost Multipath Routing) congestionlevel-estimate is averaged over several paths
 - Therefore if paths have different pre-congestion level, the reaction is not quite accurate.
 - Similarly for Sustainable-aggregate-rate
- Can avoid problem by tunnelling from ingress to egress (so get a path-specific Congestion-level-estimate)
- Investigating other possible alternatives:
 - Eg (for flow pre-emption), only select from sub-set of flows that have actually had a Pre-emption Marked packet (or Router Marked packet)

Sub-optimalities

- 1. Global fairness:
- 'Beat down' effect: if more than one router congested, some aggregates may pre-empt more flows than they need to
 - Common problem for congestion control algorithms eg TCP, XCP
 - Could just accept it
- 2. Bi-directional sessions:
- flow pre-emption for Aggregate A=>B independent of B=>A.
 - But if pre-empt flow in only one direction of a voice call, session is still torn down
 - End result: too many flows are pre-empted
- Could just live with these sub-optimalities?
- Investigating a number of possible enhancements

Next steps & future work

- Progress PCN marking draft
 - Standards track
 - get feedback / support
- Progress deployment model draft
 - Informational track
 - CL-region: Edge-to-edge / Controlled
 - Do limited work on this doc
- Signalling extensions for NSIS
 - To be discussed at NSIS meeting
 - Please say if you'd like to work on this
- Other deployment model
 - End-to-end / Open
 - Ie fewer flows per link, and may be some non-PCN-routers
 - Not working on at the moment, but trying to ensure that marking (algorithms & encoding) wouldn't preclude the End-to-end/Open deployment model

Comments please!